

Mistake Proof Training (Poka-yoke)

Revision Date: 11/2/2015

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Mistake Proofing - Objectives



In this training course, you will:

- Understand Philosophy and our Goal
- Learn how to Mistake-Proof Operator Errors, using controls
- How Inspection fits in Mistake-Proofing
- Learn the three levels of Mistake-Proofing
- ➤ Take and "Pass" the Mistake-Proofing Test

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Mistake Proofing - Philosophy and Goal



- ▶ Recognize that not just <u>people</u>, but <u>machines</u> and <u>processes</u> make errors
- Refuse to accept <u>human error</u> as an excuse for the root cause of a problem
- ► Use <u>simple</u>, <u>creative</u>, and <u>cost effective</u> ideas to overcome human and mechanical errors
- Establish a zero defects standard
- ► Recognize achieving zero defects is everyone's responsibility
- ► GOAL: Using <u>wisdom</u> and <u>ingenuity</u> to provide methods and devices that allow you to do your job <u>100% defect free</u> -<u>100% of</u> <u>the time</u>.

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Everybody and everything can make mistakes. Mistake proofing helps us so we don't make mistakes.

These mistake proofing ideas we come up with can be simple. One group used a child's plastic pinwheel toy to help them ensure the air was on in one operation.

Human error is not an excuse we can use anymore. If a person makes a mistake, there's usually a problem with the process, not the person.

We all need to use mistake proofing as part of our Problem Solving Process. We need to work toward Zero Defects.

Mistake Proofing - Control



CONTROL - Through Mistake-Proofing

Control- respects the intelligence of people by removing judgment from the situations where errors are most likely to occur, such as:

- · Lots of adjustments.
- · Look-alike parts.
- Misunderstood instructions.
- Measurement error
- · Similar configurations
- · Multi-tasking
- Documentation
- Language



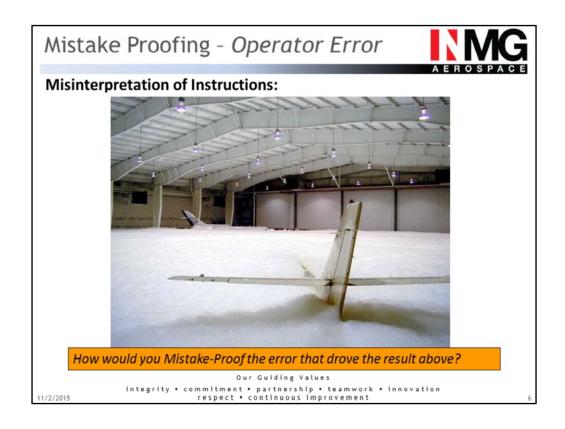
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Misinterpretation of Instructions: SITUATION: You are the chief airplane washer at the company hangar and you ... (1) Hook the high pressure hose up to the soap suds machine. (2) Turn the machine "on". (3) Receive an important call and have to leave work to go home. (4) As you depart for home, you yell to Don, your assistant, "Don, turn it off." (5) Assistant Don thinks he hears, "Don't turn it off." He shrugs, and leaves the area right after you. (6) Refer to the picture on the next page for the results. Our Guiding Values integrity * commitment * partnership * teamwork * innovation respect * continuous improvement * 5

Remember rule #1, people make mistakes. Here's a perfect example of how if a problem isn't mistake proofed, problems could occur.



Controls in place to automatically turn off the machine.

Mistake Proofing - Operator Error



Being Forgetful:

SITUATION: A doctor from Australia had difficulty starting his aircraft.

The battery was dead. With the ignition on, a little choke,
and the brakes off, he attempted to start the aircraft by
swinging the propeller.

The aircraft started but since the pilot forgot to engage the brakes, the aircraft rolled away from him.

At high speed, the aircraft's titanium blade spinning at 85% maximum RPM, the aircraft got away from the pilot and mutilated six other parked aircraft in the hangar causing \$2,000,000 in damage!!

See result of error on next page!

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Same thing, Rule number 1. People make mistakes.

Mistake Proofing - Operator Error



Being Forgetful:





How would you Mistake-Proof the error that drove the result above?

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Mistake Proofing

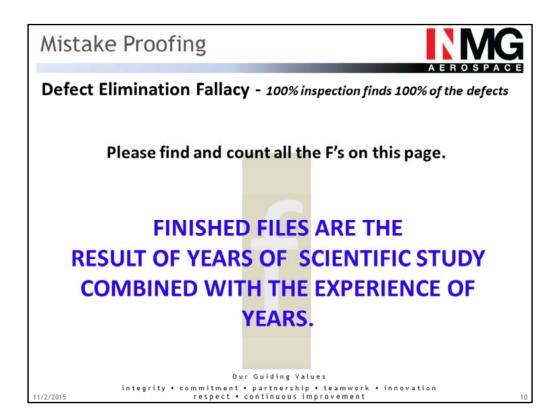


People do in fact make errors....

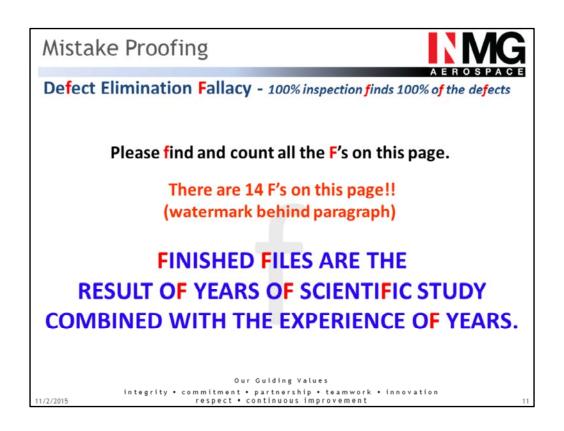
In order to become a zero defects standard business, we must mistake proof the PROCESS.

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How Inspection fits into Mistake Proofing



Adding inspection will HELP prevent the problem from escaping to the customer but it will NEVER mistake proof the problem because of RULE # 1. people make mistakes.

Mistake Proofing



Everyday Examples:

- Auto shut-off irons so we cannot make the mistake of leaving the iron on
- Pause-and-serve coffee makers so the coffee stops brewing when the pot is removed.
- ▶ Automatic sinks in public facilities so the water cannot be left on when someone walks away.
- Circuit breakers that trip when they are overloaded.
- ▶ Three-prong outlets so we cannot make the mistake of wrong polarity.
- Buzzers in cars that warn you that you left the keys in the ignition.
- Interlocked circuits that automatically lock the car when you shift into
- ► Can you think of any others???

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Mistake Proofing - Levels



Strategies to Stabilize Variation

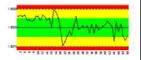
LEVEL 1 DEVICES

- Physical devices that <u>prevent</u> the error at the source.
 - · Designing errors out up front through thorough quality planning.
 - One way fits, required actions in order to operate equipment, etc.



LEVEL 2 DEVICES

- Problem <u>detected</u> and <u>corrected</u> during the process
- Warning devices like Control Charts, buzzers, lights, alarms that require a human response.
 - · E.g. Control Chart



LEVEL 3 DEVICES

- Helps prevent a defect from going onto the next operation
 - · E.g. kick-out device on a gage checking bushing diameters
- May prevent an unsafe condition from happening even though an unsafe act has already occurred
 - . E.g. oil drip pan beneath a machine).



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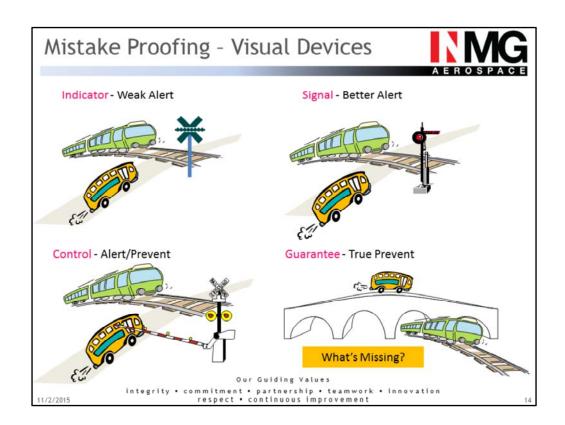
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Level 1- BEST

Level 2- Good

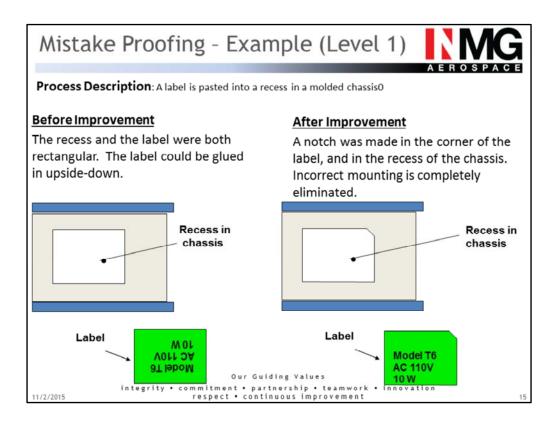
Level 3- ok

We want level 1.

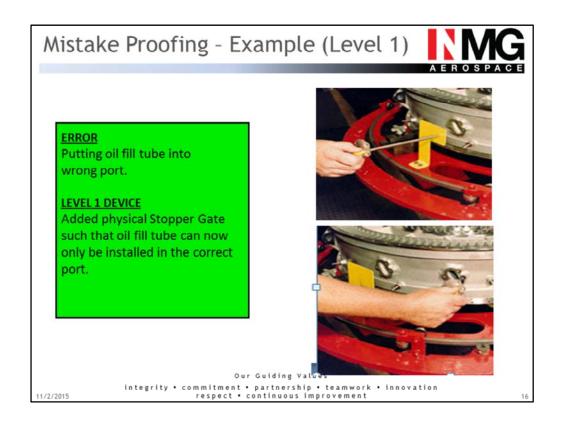


Indicator is a Level III Signal is a Level II

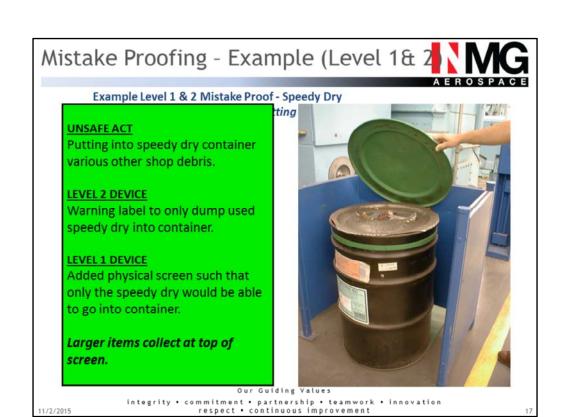
Control is a Level II (Could be a Level I but it still allows someone to drive around it) Guarantee- Level I (What is missing from this level I? Guard rail to prevent bus from driving off bridge into train.

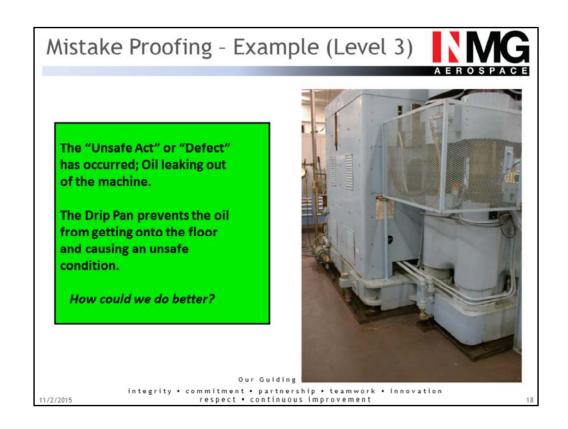


Good example of a PROCESS improvement.

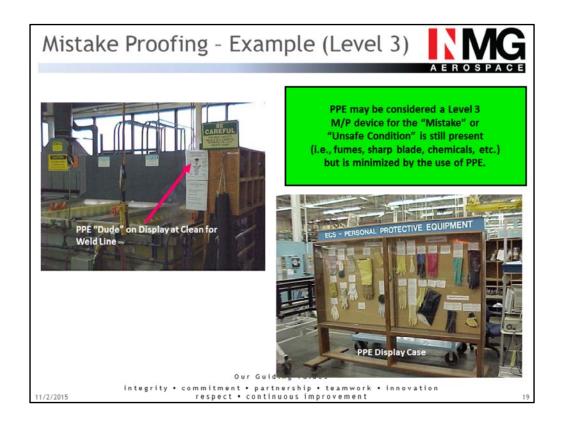


Control device put in place to prevent installation in wrong location





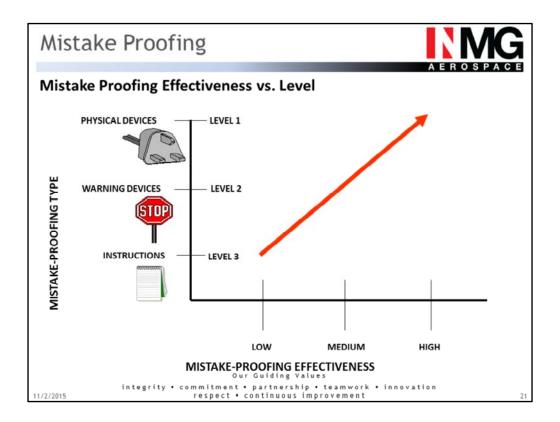
Alarm when leaking Automated shut off for machine when leaking.



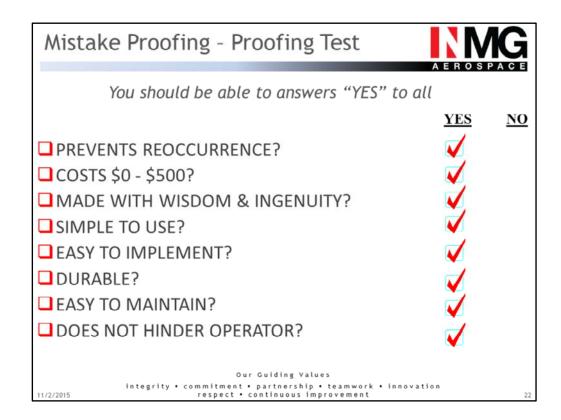
A opportunity for a defective part is still there but level III will help minimize the possibility of nonconformance



Physical barrier to prevent forklift from injuring employees. Level I



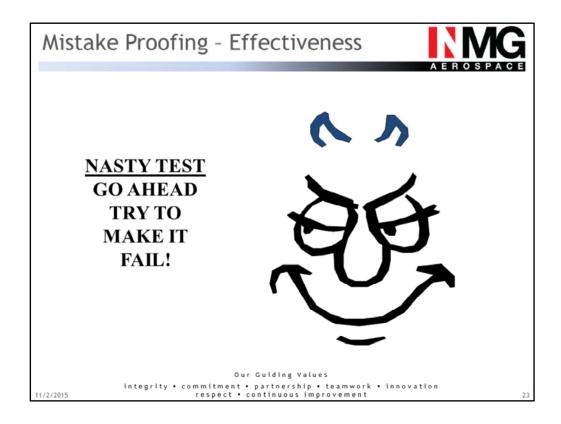
The lower the mistake proof, the lower the effectiveness. Think outside of the box for simple solutions.



Purpose: This slide gives some guidelines to follow when creating a Mistake Proofing device.

Main points:

- •You want to be able to answer yes to all these questions to insure that you have an effective Mistake Proofing device.
- •It's ideal if your device has all these features but, if circumstances arise and you are unable to obtain this level it may be acceptable (something is better than nothing).



Purpose: To inform the audience of a test that can be performed to insure the success of the Mistake Proofing **device.**

Main point:

- •The nasty test is a test that we need to do during the design stage of the mistake proof devise or as soon as close as we can to that stage.
- •Its nasty because we want the operator to try and fail. They should use the device with the intent on trying to make it fail. If it is impossible to fail than you truly have a Mistake-proof device.

	Level of Mistake Proof (Check One)		
	Level III - Detects a mistake afterit has occurred	Level II - Alerts you as a mistake is happening	Level I - Prevents a mistake from happening
Brief description of	process and situation:		
Condition Before Improvement: Brief problem description plus if applicable sketch, photo or drawing		Condition After Improvement: Brief solution description, plus if applicable sketch, photo or drawing	

A great tool to show the before and after of a condition. This is a good success story to post so that others see what is being done.